



# **Audited operating results for the year 2017**

## **Agrokor Group and Agrokor d.d.**

# Contents

---

## Introduction

Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017

Change in basis of preparation of the statements

Review of operating results

- Agrokor d.d.
- Agrokor Group

Conclusion

# Introduction

---

- Today's presentation comprises **audited** consolidated results of the Agrokor Group and Agrokor d.d.
- The scope of consolidation in 2017 comprises 105 companies, 52 of which in Croatia
- In view of the ongoing restructuring process, the financial statements were prepared on a non-going concern basis (where the assumption of going concern is not satisfied)
- The statements were prepared under the assumption that in 2018 a settlement would be closed with the creditors

# Contents

---

## Introduction

## Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017

## Change in basis of preparation of the statements

## Review of operating results

- Agrokor d.d.
- Agrokor Group

## Conclusion

# Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017

---

## Late March 2017:

- Moody's downgrades Agrokor's rating from B3 to Caa1;
- Agrokor achieves a standstill agreement with its six major creditors – banks, however, the injection of fresh liquidity into the system fails to happen;
- Suppliers start to initiate the first enforcements/foreclosures based on debenture bonds, which soon results in the accounts of around fifteen Agrokor companies being blocked;
- On 31st March, 2017 the Commercial Court in Zagreb receives a submission requesting the bankruptcy of Konzum;

## Early April 2017:

- Suppliers announce that they would completely stop to supply goods to Konzum and Agrokor, other than bread and milk;
- On 7th April, 2017 the Extraordinary Administration Procedure Act comes into force; that same day Ivica Todorčić and other Members of the Management Board of Agrokor d.d. file a request with the Commercial Court to initiate the Extraordinary Administration Procedure;
- The total amount of blockades (frozen accounts) at all Agrokor Group companies as at 10th April, 2017 was HRK 3.03bn, with a total of HRK 321,988,729 collected during the blockade;
- On 10th April, 2017 the Commercial Court in Zagreb passes a Ruling opening the Extraordinary Administration Procedure at Agrokor and the Extraordinary Commissioner takes over the management of Agrokor, starting the process of urgent business stabilization;
- Once the Commercial Court appointed the Extraordinary Commissioner and the Law started to be implemented, the blockades thus having been lifted, the balance on the accounts of 19 key companies of the Agrokor Group amounted to HRK 6.23;

**April – May – June 2017 were a period of intensive efforts exerted to prevent the businesses from failing, stabilize the operations and secure new financing.**

**The business only came back to normal in the second half of the year.**

# Contents

---

## Introduction

## Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017

## Change in basis of preparation of the statements

## Review of operating results

- Agrokor d.d.
- Agrokor Group

## Conclusion

## The basis of preparation of the statements has changed as the assumption of going concern is not satisfied

As at 31st December, 2017 the liabilities of the Agrokor Group and Agrokor d.d. significantly **exceeded the value of assets**, which led to **insolvency**. This fact and the low likelihood of the existing Group continuing to do business over the next year have led to a change in the **basis of preparation of the statements** of the Agrokor Group and Agrokor d.d., with the assumption of **going concern** not satisfied any more („**non-going concern**”).

The following assumptions have been applied in the statements:

1

The total debt of Agrokor d.d. has become due as of the day of opening the extraordinary administration procedure

2

It is assumed that the settlement will be closed in 2018.

3

In case of a settlement the business unit shall be transferred to a new holding company, while the remaining outstanding debt shall remain with the old company, it being certain that the existing Group will cease to exist

4

Assets and liabilities are still classified as long-term and short-term, as after the transfer of the business unit to the new holding company the balance sheet classification shall remain unchanged

# Contents

---

**Introduction**

**Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017**

**Change in basis of preparation of the statements**

**Review of operating results**

- Agrokor d.d.
- Agrokor Group

**Conclusion**



# Agrokor d.d. (1/2)

## Profit and loss account and balance sheet

### Profit and loss account

<i>mil. HRK, audited</i>	2017	Restated* 2016	2017 vs 2016 (%)
Sales revenues	243	398	(39%)
Other operating revenues	42	1	3708%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>(29%)</b>
Service costs	(384)	(463) <sup>1</sup>	(17%)
Personnel costs	(102)	(111)	(9%)
Other costs	(49)	(857) <sup>2</sup>	(93%)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>(250)</b>	<b>(1.033)</b>	<b>(76%)</b>
<b>EBITDA without net cost of restructuring<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(1.033)</b>	<b>n/a</b>
Amortisation/depreciation	(6)	(7)	(4%)
Impairment of non-current and current assets	(9.117) <sup>4</sup>	(7.888) <sup>5</sup>	16%

### Balance sheet

<i>mil. HRK, audited</i>	Dec. 31, 2017	Restated* Dec. 31, 2016	2017 vs 2016 (%)
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>8,954</b>	<b>15,414</b>	<b>(42%)</b>
Non-current	1,882	9,057	(79%)
Current	7,072	6,356	11%
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>(23,290)</b>	<b>(13,497)</b>	<b>73%</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>32,244</b>	<b>28,911</b>	<b>12%</b>
Long-term	0	18,979	(100%)
Short-term	32,244	9,932	225%

#### Major changes in 2017:

- Impaired investments in subsidiary and affiliated companies in line with the company valuations from the viability plans
- Impaired receivables from affiliated companies in line with the EPM<sup>6</sup> results
- Impaired external loans, receivables and investments in securities
- New debt during the course of the Extraordinary Administration Procedure (SPFA) and classification of all other loans as short-term

\* Results 2016, restated, as presented in the audited financial statements for 2017

<sup>1</sup>Cost of services in 2016 include HRK 156m of costs related to the so-called IPO project

<sup>2</sup>Other costs in 2016 include HRK 921m of costs related to the so-called IPO project

<sup>3</sup>Net restructuring costs in 2017 amount to HRK 253m

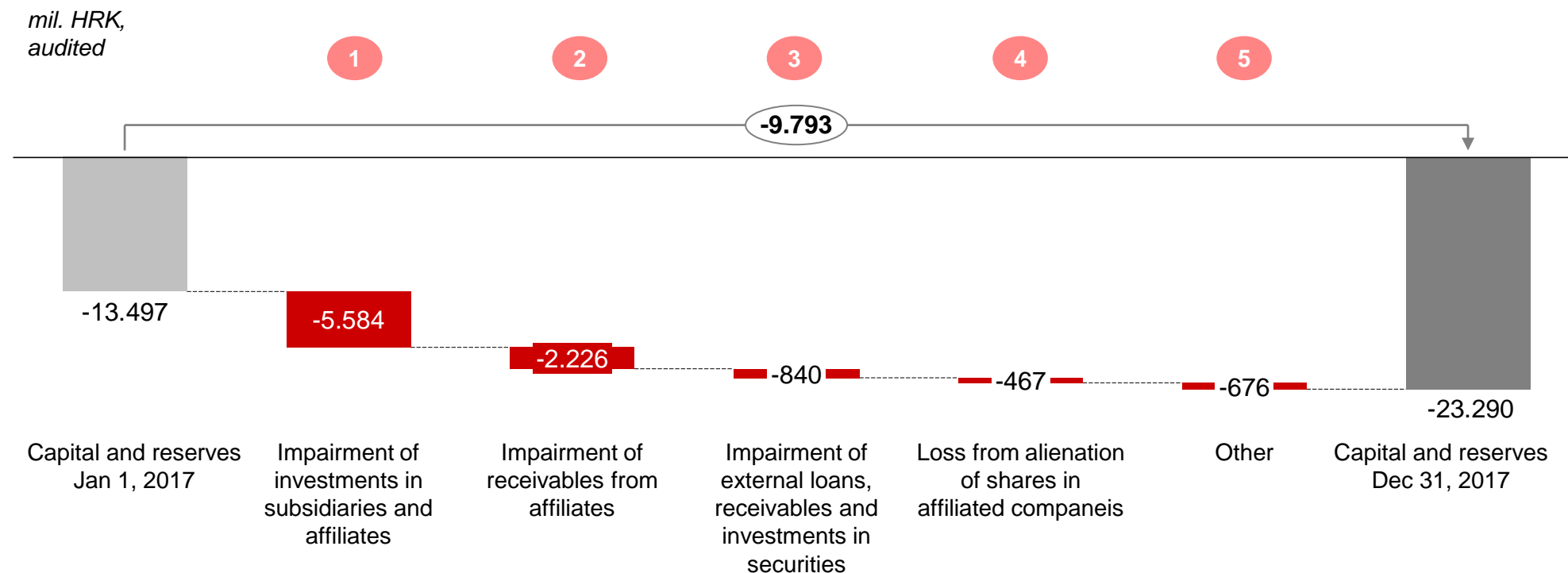
<sup>4</sup>Includes loss due to alienation of stakes in subsidiaries

<sup>5</sup>Impairment costs in 2016 include HRK 128m of costs related to the so-called IPO project

<sup>6</sup>EPM – Entity Priority Model

# Agrokor d.d. (2/2)

## Change in capital and reserves 2017 vs. 2016



- 1 Impaired investments in subsidiary and affiliated companies in line with the company valuations from the viability plans
- 2 Impairment of receivables from affiliated companies in line with the EPM results
- 3 Impairment due to collectability assessment of loans granted, given that these placements are mostly unsecured
- 4 Loss due to alienation of shares in subsidiaries as a consequence of repo transactions
- 5 Remaining net effect from the profit and loss account

# Contents

---

**Introduction**

**Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017**

**Change in basis of preparation of the statements**

**Review of operating results**

- Agrokor d.d.
- **Agrokor Group**

**Conclusion**

# Agrokor Group (1/5)

## Profit and loss account and balance sheet

### Profit and loss account

<i>mil. HRK, audited</i>	2017	Restated* 2016	2017 vs 2016 (%)
Sales revenues	39,317	44,723	(12%)
Other operating revenues	146	145	1%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>39,463</b>	<b>44,868</b>	<b>(12%)</b>
Costs of materials and merchandise <sup>1</sup>	(27,586)	(31,332)	(12%)
Service costs	(5,371) <sup>2</sup>	(5,333)	1%
Personnel costs	(4,575)	(4,762)	(4%)
Other operating costs	(1,308)	(2,374)	(45%)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>1,066</b>	<b>(42%)</b>
<b>EBITDA net of restructuring cost<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>925</b>	<b>1,066</b>	<b>(13%)</b>
Amortisation/depreciation	(1,666)	(2,276)	(27%)
Impairment of non-current and current assets	(3,336)	(6,185)	(46%)

### Balance sheet

<i>mil. HRK, audited</i>	Dec. 31, 2017	Restated* Dec. 31, 2016	2017 vs 2016 (%)
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>35,341</b>	<b>41,753</b>	<b>(15%)</b>
Non-current	22,999	29,480	(22%)
Current	12,342	12,273	1%
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>(20,438)</b>	<b>(14,534)</b>	<b>41%</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>55,779</b>	<b>56,287</b>	<b>1%</b>
Long-term	8,521	28,415	(70%)
Short-term	47,258	27,872	70%

#### Major changes in 2017

- Impairment of non-current assets due to asset valuation, transfer to assets available for sale and so on.
- Working capital stabilization
- All credit liabilities in the companies in Croatia became due with the opening of the Extraordinary Administration procedure (classification into short-term)
- New debt during the course of the Extraordinary Administration (SPFA<sup>3</sup>)

\* Results 2016, restated, as presented in the audited financial statements for 2017

<sup>1</sup>Includes also value adjustment of finished product and unfinished production inventories

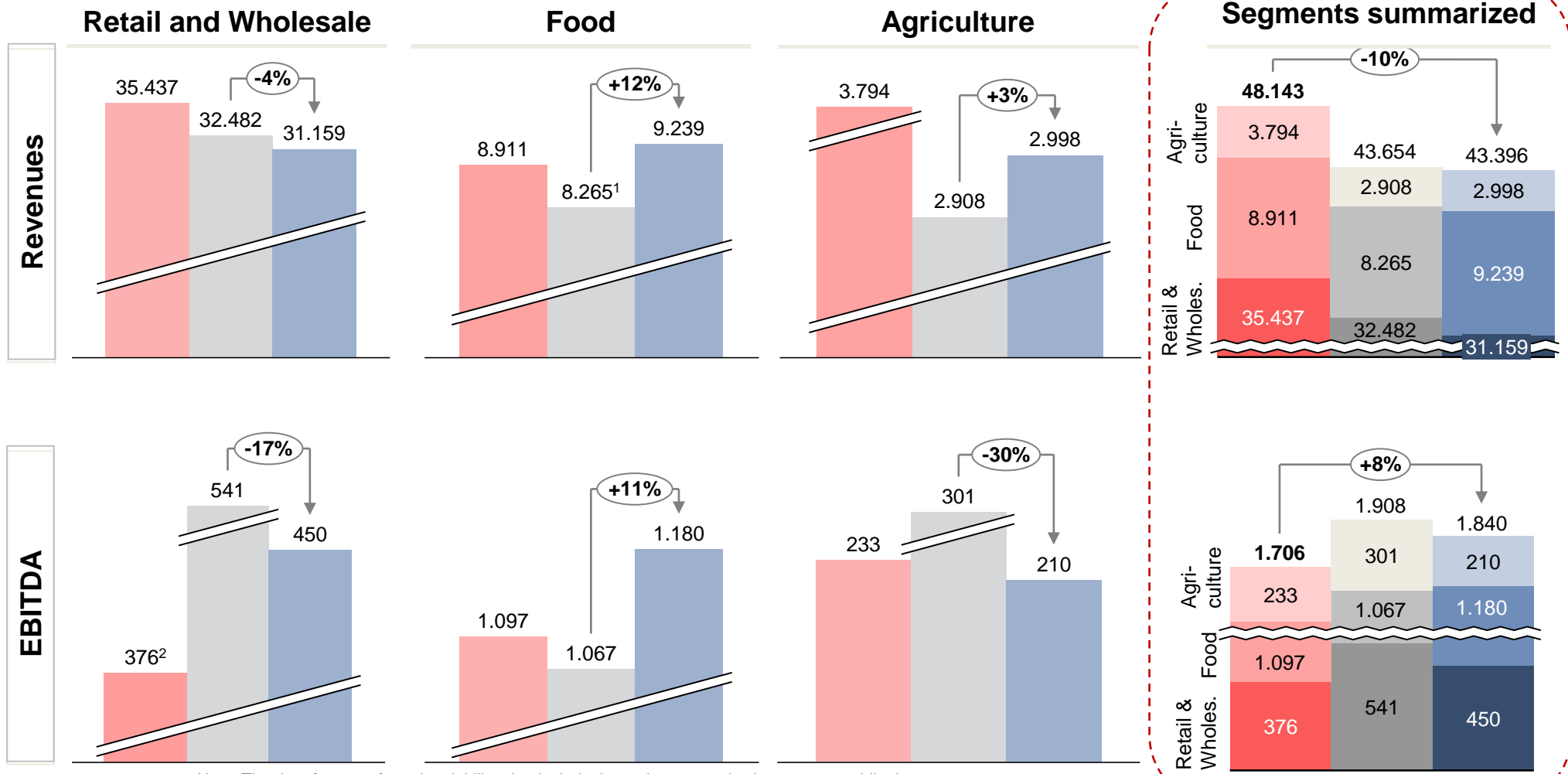
<sup>2</sup>The restructuring cost in 2017 amounts to HRK 302m

<sup>3</sup>Super Priority Term Facility Agreement

# Agrokor Group (2/5)

## Comparison of unconsolidated results and viability plan – key segments

mil. HRK



Note: The data for 2017 from the viability plan include the major companies by segment, while the 2017 result includes all companies subject to consolidation

The 2017 result pertains to sales revenues (unconsolidated), while EBITDA does not include restructuring costs and management fee

<sup>1</sup>The amount in 2017 according to the viability plan does not include revenues from services

<sup>2</sup>Does not include the reclassification of financial leasings in 2016

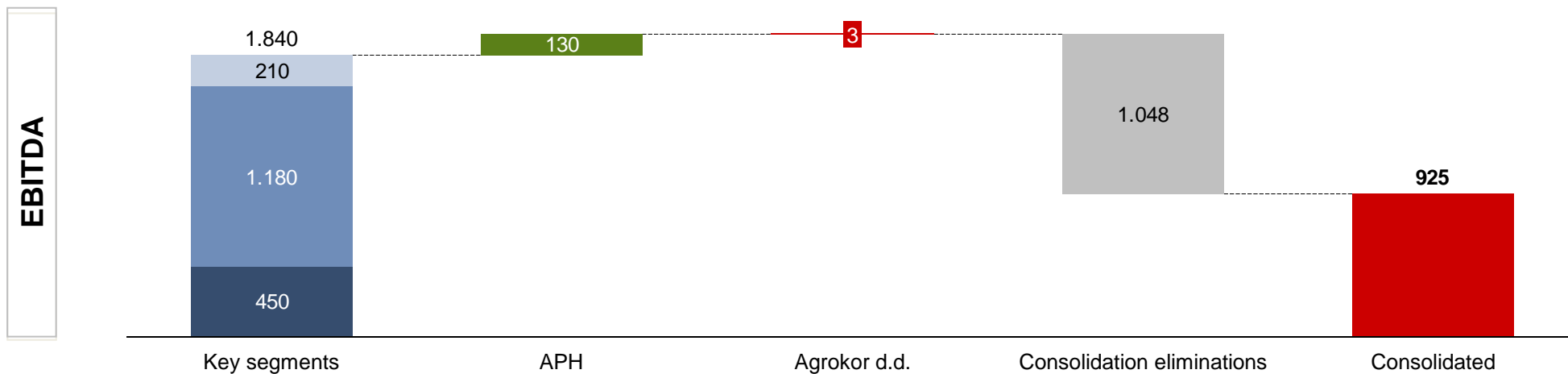
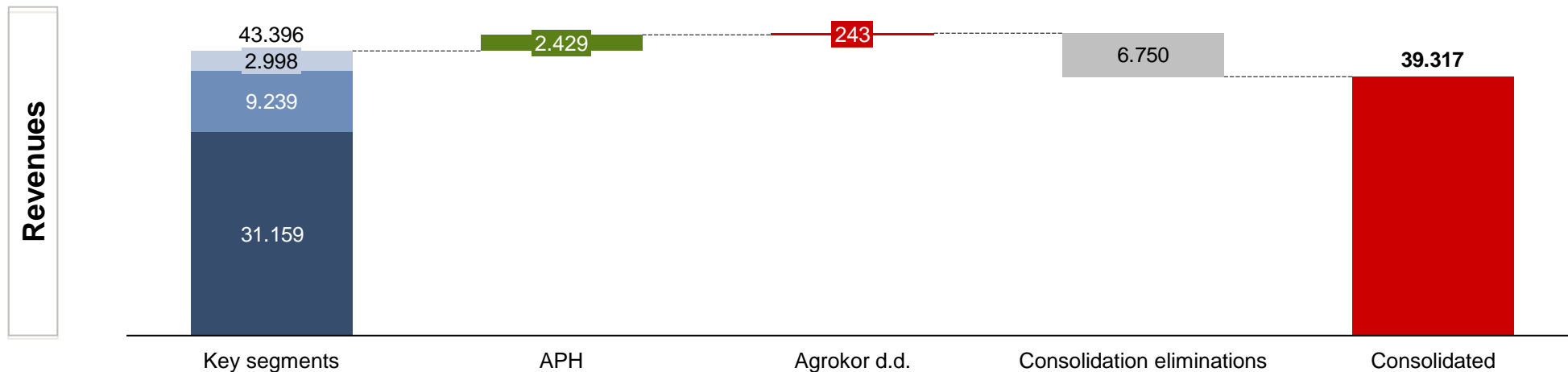
<sup>3</sup>The 2016 figures were taken from the viability plans

2016<sup>3</sup> 2017 viability plan 2017 result

# Agrokor Group (3/5)

## Breakdown of results by segment, 2017 – Agrokor Group

mil. HRK



# Agrokor Group (4/5)

## Business by segments (1/2)

### 1 Agrokor d.d.

- Over the course of 2017 Agrokor actively helped the operating companies stabilize their business processes and cash flow and make the management during crisis as efficient as possible
- With a view to stabilizing the Group's liquidity, in June 2017 **a new financing was arranged** in the amount of up to EUR 1,060m by way of the SPFA, a super-priority term facility agreement, thus enabling the companies within the Group to continue doing business and have access to the required liquidity
- Since the beginning of the Extraordinary Administration and once the **liquidity position stabilized, preparations for the settlement** started, including amongst other things: determination of claims, preparation of business and viability plans, preparations for asset valuation, preparation of the EPM and so on.

### 2 Retail and wholesale

- Due to problems with payments which escalated in Q1 2017, certain **suppliers ceased to deliver goods**, leading to an **increase in out-of-stock**, which in some companies reached as much as ~16% (the usual level is below 2%)
- As a consequence of the crisis and unavailability of key goods, **the number of customers as well as revenues dropped in the first half of the year** (by even more than 20% in certain periods as against the previous year)
- The new financing in 2017 provided the required liquidity, with the operational focus on increasing turnover and margins to reach former levels, while **reducing costs** at the same time
- Given the marked seasonality in turnover (up to 40% difference in turnover) and the great significance of the season for retail and wholesale, the key step was to **secure availability of goods** and stable operations over the course of the summer months
- The steps taken during 2017 in restructuring and increasing profitability were primarily related to cost optimisation, closing down of unprofitable stores, increasing efficiency along with sales area optimization and closing down Velpro on the B&H market

# Agrokor Group (5/5)

## Business by segments (2/2)

### 3 Food

- The poor liquidity in the first part of the year **negatively affected the preparations for the season** and stockouts in Q2, resulting in **significantly lower sales revenues**
- Companies started an accelerated restructuring process and adjusted their business models under the new conditions
- **The restructuring measures resulted in significant savings** with some subsegments being able to keep their operating profits and others to reduce the drop in operating profits
- The trust of consumers in the brands has been preserved and the trust of suppliers in the companies re-established.
- In spite of a lack of marketing communication in the major part of the year, the **market shares** of all brands on all markets **were preserved**
- The Drinks segment generated the **historically best result in sales**, while during the summer months the **historically highest sales** of ice-cream in Croatia were achieved

### 4 Agriculture

- Due to liquidity problems companies were forced to **stop and reduce certain business segments** (trading activities, animal feed production...), with a significant impact on decreasing revenues
- After the liquidity injection the suspended or reduced business processes were re-established, striving to set-off what had been lost in the first quarters by excellent production results
- The companies had record results in crop husbandry and the favorable pricing trend in commodities contributed to the good results

### 5 Agrokor Portfolio Holding

- A **central management team** was established in the non-core companies of the Agrokor Group
- **Plans** were prepared to **dispose of part of the companies** in two stages, over the course of two years.
- The focus during 2017 was to reduce operating costs and maintain the values of the companies.
- **Negotiations** were initiated and actively conducted **with large landlords of Konzum** stores regarding the optimisation of leasing costs.



# Contents

---

**Introduction**

**Situation in the Agrokor Group at the end of Q1 2017**

**Change in basis of preparation of the statements**

**Review of operating results**

- Agrokor d.d.
- Agrokor Group

**Conclusion**

## Conclusion

---

- In 2017 the Agrokor Group was able to generate a solid business result under the given difficult operating circumstances which had led to the restructuring process in the first place
- The publication of audited results of the operating companies of the Agrokor Group is expected in May due to EPM updates, in order for the assumptions used in the financial statements to be in line with the best assessments available
- Ahead of us is now the completion of the financial restructuring with the settlement, the implementation of the settlement and further operational restructuring

**AGROKOR**  
IZVANREDNA UPRAVA